Welcome to the Sugar City
Take a leisurely walk down Jeanerette's Historic Main Street to see views of the past in our beautiful homes and omate business establishments that give a sense of the rich history of the sugarcane industry that has been at the heart of our families for more than 200 years. Along with the booming cypress lumber industry, the arrival of the railroad, the oil industry, and the native beauty of the area, Jeanerette became a place where inhabitants arrived and stayed to work and raise their families. All of this combines with the scenic views of the waterways of the Bayou Teche and the ever growing sugarcane fields for a truly amazing cultural experience.

Jeanerette Civic Museum
Built in 1902, the Jeanerette Museum is a small, artistically done sampling of life along the Bayou Teche. The museum features exhibits on the sugarcane industry including a pictorial exhibit, Green Fields 200 Years of Louisiana Sugar and the cypress lumber industry. The museum also exhibits many species of animals, including reptiles and birds. The museum also maintains the community's local history and presents a large antique cowing collection from the 1890s.

LeJeune’s Bakery
There is nothing better than the smell and taste of freshly baked bread. Savor the flavor of delicious French bread and ginger cakes with a visit to LeJeune’s Bakery. LeJeune family members have used the same recipes at their bakery in Jeanerette since it began in 1884.

Cypress Lumber Industry
Lumber has played an important part in shaping Jeanerette. Because of the city's location near the Atchafalaya Basin and Bayou Teche, a rich supply of cypress was available along with transportation provided by the railroad. Three major cypress lumber mills were once located in Jeanerette, including Provost Lumber Company, Planters' Lumber Company and Jeanerette Lumber and Shingle. Remnants of the industry can still be found today.

Established by Switzerland native Antoine Moresi in 1885, Moresi Foundry has long developed machinery and other items used by sugar mills. In 1885, Moresi Foundry was named to honor the engineer Lazare Moresi, who was a native of Switzerland. The Moresi family has been involved in the sugar industry since 1885 and the factory is still operating today. The factory is located in Jeanerette and is one of the oldest businesses in the area.

Jeanerette Lumber and Shingle
The mill was located nearby on the site of Jeanerette's City Park along the Bayou Teche. Hewes also built the local paddlewheel steamboat, the Amy Hewes, which was named after his daughter and traveled on the local paddlewheel steamboat, the Amy Hewes, which was named after his daughter and traveled on the bayou until the late 1940s.

Jeanerette Bicentennial Museum
Built in 1902, the Jeanerette Museum is a small, artistically done sampling of life along the Bayou Teche. The museum features exhibits on the sugarcane industry including a pictorial exhibit, Green Fields 200 Years of Louisiana Sugar and the cypress lumber industry. The museum also exhibits many species of animals, including reptiles and birds. The museum also maintains the community's local history and presents a large antique cowing collection from the 1890s.

Additional historic sites of interest:
217 Lemoine Street – Harry B. Hewes Home
This historic residence was the home of Harry Hewes, one of the founders of Jeanerette Lumber and Cypress, which harvested lumber from 1894 to 1925. The mill was located nearby on the site of Jeanerette’s City Park along the Bayou Teche. Hewes also built the local paddlewheel steamboat, the Amy Hewes, which was named after his daughter and traveled on the bayou until the late 1940s.

Green Fields 200 Years
The swamp exhibit displays many species of animals, including reptiles and birds. The museum also maintains the community’s local history and presents a large antique cowing collection from the 1890s.

Jeanerette Museum
2513 Hwy 14, New Iberia, LA 70560
888-942-3742 • IberiaTravel.com
Welcome Center open Monday through Saturday.
Historic Jeanerette
Iberia Parish Convention & Visitors Bureau
2151 Hwy 14, New Iberia, LA 70560
888-942-3742 • IberiaTravel.com
Welcome Center open Monday through Saturday.
600 EAST MAIN STREET – JEANERETTE REGENCY MUSEUM
Built in 1889, the Jeanerette Regency Museum is located on the 600 block of Main Street. The
building was initially constructed as a Methodist church before being converted into a
private residence in 1894. It was later purchased by the Jeanerette Cultural Society in 1980 and
subsequently transformed into a museum that houses historical artifacts and exhibits.

606 MAIN STREET – HISTORIC FOUNDATION
The A. Monis Company Ltd was founded in July of 1912. Around Monis worked at a
sawmill before coming to the area. He purchased a sawmill in 1918 and by 1920, he had
established a thriving business. The company’s influence has added to the appeal of this
turn-of-the-century home.

622 MAIN STREET – BEAULIEU HOME
The Mena Wormser Home was built between 1890 and 1910. The home features
beautiful examples of southern architecture. The home was originally owned by
Philippe Wormser, but after his death, it was sold to F. J. DeGravelle who ran it with his
son from 1889-1975. The business was known as the Beaullieu Home when it was purchased
by the Beaullieu family. Today, it remains a beautiful example of southern architecture.

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5. 1406 MAIN STREET – WALDEN STATION
This example of buildings constructed during the 1920s. The company was an early
manufacturer of machinery for the harvest.

6. 1403 MAIN STREET – JACQUES CANNING BUILDING
The Cannin Canning Plant was built in 1913. The plant was constructed on land
acquired across the canal of the main line of water, and an additional on the side of the
plant. The building was operated as a canning plant until 1933. The site once
occupied by the plant was donated to the city of Jeanerette in 1986.

7. 1401 MAIN STREET – MUSEUM
This building was built in 1913 for James L. Desoto. In 1928, the building was
converted into a museum for Albert Moresi in the early 1900s by Aristide L. Monnot as a single
floor structure. The museum focuses on the sugarcane and cypress industry of the city of Jeanerette and
programs administered through the U.S. Treasury Department.

8. 1398 MAIN STREET – BOYKIN HOME
Dr. Phares A. Boykin served as Jeanerette’s doctor from 1900 to the time of his death
in 1953. After the death of Mrs. Delcambre, the doctor built this house in 1920. It remains
the site of the historic home and features an elaborate front entrance. Be sure to note the
marble cornerstones placed on the lower front of the building.

9. 1394 MAIN STREET – PHANTOM POST OFFICE
This post office was built in 1901. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

10. 1390 MAIN STREET – MANNING MACHINE
This machine was built in 1868. The machine was used in the textile industry before it
was sold to Zenon Lejeune in 1892.

11. 1400 MAIN STREET – VACANT STORE
This building was built in 1920. The building operated as a furniture store for many
years. It was later converted into a restaurant. The building remains empty until Wilbur Allain purchased it for his law office. It remained the site of the jeanerette post office.

12. 1386 MAIN STREET – JEANERETTE POST OFFICE
This building was constructed in 1824. It has been host to local entertainment
including famous bands and singers. Paul’s Lounge was opened after WWII by Paul
Cooper and served as a popular venue for live music. It was later owned by the owner of the
business, the LeJeune family. The business closed in the 1980s.

13. 1382 MAIN STREET – LEROY HOME
This home was built in 1897 for William F. Hudson. The home is the only one known to be
in Jeanerette to be so honored, LeJeune’s is managed by the fifth generation of the LeJeune family.

14. 1378 MAIN STREET – MASONIC LODGE
This building, constructed in 1898, has been home to the FAMO Lodge #79. The
building features a beautiful front gallery. Greek influenced Ionic columns and decorative trim add to the
building.

15. 1374 MAIN STREET – MANNING BUILDING
This building, constructed in 1886, has been home to the Manning Building.

16. 1370 MAIN STREET – EAST LAKE VICTORIAN HOME
This East Lake Victorian home, built in 1897, was the home of Harry Bertram Hewes.
The building features large ornamental arched windows. The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

17. 1366 MAIN STREET – CARLETON’S HOME
This home was built by Roman Doric columns. This home features carved swag
decorations along the lower front of the building.

18. 1362 MAIN STREET – JACQUETE POST OFFICE
This post office was built in 1901. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

19. 1358 MAIN STREET – JACQUES CAMILLE BUILDING
This building was built in 1901. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

20. 1354 MAIN STREET – HISTORIC POST OFFICE
This building was built in 1886. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

21. 1350 MAIN STREET – LEJEUNE’S BAKERY
This bakery, operated by Josephine Bertrand and her son, was a popular spot for
the local community. The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

22. 1346 MAIN STREET – WILLIAM H. HENDERSON HOME
This home was built by Roman Doric columns. This home features carved swag
decorations along the lower front of the building.

23. 1342 MAIN STREET – JACQUES VANDERSTELT BUILDING
This building was built in 1901. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

24. 1338 MAIN STREET – BOYKIN HOME
Dr. Phares A. Boykin served as Jeanerette’s doctor from 1900 to the time of his death
in 1953. After the death of Mrs. Delcambre, the doctor built this house in 1920. It remains
the site of the historic home and features an elaborate front entrance. Be sure to note the
marble cornerstones placed on the lower front of the building.

25. 1334 MAIN STREET – MASONIC LODGE
This building, constructed in 1898, has been home to the FAMO Lodge #79. The
building features a beautiful front gallery. Greek influenced Ionic columns and decorative trim add to the
building.

26. 1330 MAIN STREET – MANNING BUILDING
This building, constructed in 1886, has been home to the Manning Building.

27. 1326 MAIN STREET – CARLETON’S HOME
This home was built by Roman Doric columns. This home features carved swag
decorations along the lower front of the building.

28. 1322 MAIN STREET – JACQUETE POST OFFICE
This post office was built in 1901. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

29. 1318 MAIN STREET – JACQUES CAMILLE BUILDING
This building was built in 1901. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

30. 1314 MAIN STREET – HISTORIC POST OFFICE
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The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

31. 1310 MAIN STREET – LEJEUNE’S BAKERY
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the local community. The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

32. 1306 MAIN STREET – WILLIAM H. HENDERSON HOME
This home was built by Roman Doric columns. This home features carved swag
decorations along the lower front of the building.

33. 1302 MAIN STREET – BOYKIN HOME
Dr. Phares A. Boykin served as Jeanerette’s doctor from 1900 to the time of his death
in 1953. After the death of Mrs. Delcambre, the doctor built this house in 1920. It remains
the site of the historic home and features an elaborate front entrance. Be sure to note the
marble cornerstones placed on the lower front of the building.

34. 1300 MAIN STREET – STATIONERY BUILDING
This building was constructed in 1868. The building was used as a stationery store
and residence. The store received its name when the top was painted red after
the business was sold to F. J. DeGravelle who ran it with his son from 1889-1975. The business was known as the Beaullieu Home when it was purchased by the Beaullieu family.

35. 1296 MAIN STREET – ZITZENZEN BAKK
The history of this building is unclear. The building has been converted into a residence until 1933. The building features large ornamental arched windows. The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

36. 1292 MAIN STREET – MANNING MACHINE
This machine was built in 1868. The machine was used in the textile industry before it
was sold to Zenon Lejeune in 1892.

37. 1288 MAIN STREET – MCGOWEN HOME
Built in 1897, the McGowen Home is the only known house in Jeanerette to be
missing in action during the Korean War in 1953. After the death of Mrs. Delcambre,
the McGowen's purchased the home in 1920. It remains the site of the historic home
and features an elaborate front entrance. Be sure to note the marble cornerstones placed on the
lower front of the building.

38. 1284 MAIN STREET – HISTORIC POST OFFICE
This building was built in 1886. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

39. 1280 MAIN STREET – JACQUES VANDERSTELT BUILDING
This building was built in 1901. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

40. 1276 MAIN STREET – CARLETON’S HOME
This home was built by Roman Doric columns. This home features carved swag
decorations along the lower front of the building.

41. 1272 MAIN STREET – JACQUES CAMILLE BUILDING
This building was built in 1901. The building features large ornamental arched windows.
The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.